

DANGER

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

TOXIC • ECOTOXIC • CORROSIVE

READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

Admire Amine 625

HERBICIDE

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

625 G/LITRE 2,4-D AS THE DIMETHYLAMINE AND THE DIETHANOLAMINE SALTS, IN THE FORM OF A SOLUBLE CONCENTRATE.

GROUP

4

HERBICIDE

NON-VOLATILE 2,4-D LIQUID FOR BROADLEAF WEED CONTROL IN CEREALS AND PASTURE.

Registered pursuant to the ACVM Act 1997, No. P10215

Approval pursuant to the HSNO Act 1996, Approval Code HSR000367

IN A TRANSPORT EMERGENCY: Dial 111 for POLICE or FIRE

IMPORTANT: READ THIS LEAFLET BEFORE OPENING OR USING THIS PRODUCT

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AgSta 

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is an offence for users of this product to cause residues exceeding the relevant MRL in the Food Notice: Maximum Residue Levels for Agricultural Compounds.

MIXING: Pour the measured quantity of **Admire Amine 625** into the partially filled spray tank and with the agitator running top up with the remainder of the water. Keep agitated during use.

COMPATIBILITY: **Admire Amine 625** is compatible with most other agricultural chemicals, including Supermet, Ralid, Flumaize and Rainvel.

CLEANING: Flush equipment thoroughly with clean water after use. Decontaminate before using on plants that are sensitive to 2,4-D.

DECONTAMINATION: After thoroughly washing the tank and flushing the system with clean water, quarter fill the tank, add 500 g of an alkali detergent and circulate throughout the system for 15 minutes. Drain the system. Remove the filters and nozzles and clean them separately. Then flush the system with clean water and allow to drain.

APPLICATION RATE

Crop	Rate L/ha	Note
Wheat Barley Millet Rye corn	1.3-2.0	Apply from 6 leaf stage to jointing (when nodes are visible at the base of the stem). Do not apply to wheat or barley between jointing and flowering. Rapidly growing spring sown cereals should be treated with MCPA 750. Critical comment: Application to crops outside recommended growth stages or crops stressed due to insect damage or moisture stress may cause serious injury including yield loss. Inspect crops before application to check condition and growth stage.
Oats	1.3	Use only on autumn sown oats and treat in the following spring when plants are fully tillered. Use MCPA 750 on spring sown oats.
Pasture (grasses /clover)	2-4	Use 2 L/ha for seedlings and small plants and 4 L/ha for more mature plants. Treat seedling weeds in late autumn/early winter. Graze area to be treated to expose weeds and reduce clover leaf. Then leave for one week to freshen up before spraying. As treated weeds are more palatable to stock, avoid grazing for 7 days after spraying.

WEEDS CONTROLLED IN CEREALS:

At 1.3 L/ha – fathen, hedge mustard, nettles, shepherd's purse, wild turnip.

At 2 L/ha – black nightshade, calandrinia, docks (seedlings), thistles.

Checked at 2 L/ha – chamomiles, cornbind, regrowth docks, fumitory, spurrey, stinking mayweed, willow weed, wireweed, yarrow, vetch. For best results use an alternative cereal herbicide.

WEED	RATE L/ha	STAGE	NOTES
Apple of Peru	2.56	Spray young plants	Only susceptible when young.
Bathurst Burr	1.92-2.56	Seedlings only	
Black nightshade	1.92-2.56	Seedlings	
Bur medick	1.28-1.92	Seedlings	
	1.92-2.56	Small rosettes	
Californian thistle	1.92-2.56	Hard ball stage	Do not spray hay or silage paddocks. Graze paddocks before application to remove clover foliage. Some clover suppression may occur. Repeat applications will be required to achieve good levels of control.
Cat sear	1.28-1.92	Seedlings	
	1.92-2.56	Small rosettes	
Charlock	1.92	Rosettes stage	
Cresses	1.28-1.92	Seedlings	
	1.92-2.56	Small rosettes	
Dandelion	1.28-1.92	Seedlings	
	1.92-2.56	Small rosettes	
Docks	3.2	2-4 leaf seedlings only	Will not control regrowth from root chips.

Fathen	1.28-2.56	Spray pre flowering	
Hedge mustard	1.28-1.92	Seedlings	
	1.92-2.56	Small rosettes	
Hemlock	2.56-3.84	Seedlings / young rosettes	Multi crown or 2nd year plants will not be controlled (toxic to stock).
Mustards	1.28-3.2	2-4 leaf up to rosette	
Nettles	1.92-3.2	Seedlings – young plants	Graze to expose weeds and reduce clover.
Nodding thistle	2.56	Seedlings	Root crown less than 2cm.
	3.2-3.84	Rosettes	Root crowns 2-4cm, before flower stalk develops.
Parsley dropwort	3.2	Seedlings	
Pennyroyal	1.92-2.56	Prior to flowering	Apply in spring after seedling germination.
Plantains	2.56-3.2	Seedlings to small rosettes	
Ragwort	2.56-3.84	Seedlings / small rosettes	Large rosettes or multi-crowns require spot treatment with other herbicides.
Redroot	1.28-1.92	Seedlings	
	1.92-2.56	Small rosettes	
Scotch thistle	1.28-1.92	Seedlings	
	1.92-2.56	Rosettes	

Shepherd's purse	1.28-2.56	Seedlings / small rosettes	
Stocks bill	1.92-2.56	Seedlings	Graze to expose weeds and reduce clover.
	2.56-3.84	Rosettes	Well established plants may only be checked.
Thornapple	3.84	Seedlings only	Established plants are not well controlled.
Variegated thistle	1.92-2.56	Seedlings	
	2.56-3.84	Rosettes	Less than 15cm diameter.
Vetch	1.92	Spray at multiple leaf stage	
Wild carrot	3.2	Seedlings	
Wild radish	1.92-3.2	Seedlings to young rosettes stage	
Wild turnip	1.92	2-4 leaf up to rosette stage	
Willow weed	2.56-3.84	Seedlings	Established plants are not well controlled.
Winged thistle	2.56	Seedlings	
	3.2-3.84	rosettes	Prior to flower stalk development.

PLANT BACK PERIODS: 2,4-D has soil activity which may be exacerbated by dry soil conditions. To ensure that susceptible species (e.g. brassicas, grasses, clovers) are not damaged by 2,4-D soil residues, do not plant for 4 weeks after application.

AERIAL APPLICATION: Read Spray Drift Hazard section of this label.

HIGH VOLUME SPOT TREATMENT: Use 650 mL/100 litres water with a pressure of 600-800kPa and a No. 4 tip and apply as a fine wetting spray. Spray marker dye can be used to identify treated plants.

KNAPSACK: Use 65 mL/10 litres water.

RESISTANCE WEED WARNING

GROUP	4	HERBICIDE
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Resistance to this herbicide could develop from excessive use. To minimise this risk use strictly in accordance with label instructions. **Admire Amine 625** contains and belongs to the phenoxy group of chemistry. **Admire Amine 625** has the disruption of plant cell growth mode of action. Naturally occurring weed biotypes, resistant to **Admire Amine 625** and other phenoxy herbicides, are known to exist. Species with known resistant biotypes include nodding thistle, giant buttercup and slender winged thistle. Resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. Resistant weeds will not be controlled by **Admire Amine 625** or other phenoxy herbicides. To prevent or delay the development of resistance use **Admire Amine 625** in tank mixtures where appropriate and/or in rotation with herbicides having a different mode of action against the weed.

CONDITIONS OF SUPPLY:

READ THESE CONDITIONS OF SUPPLY BEFORE BUYING AND USING. IF THESE CONDITIONS ARE UNACCEPTABLE, RETURN AT ONCE UNOPENED.

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